

# BETHEL UNIVERSITY PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT PROGRAM

2016-2017

PRECEPTOR HANDBOOK

### **Table of Contents**

SEC'	ΓION 1		
	Introduction	Page	3
	Faculty and Staff Contact Information	Page	4
	The One-Minute Preceptor	Page	5
	Clinical Year Overview	Page	6
	Program Information	Page	
	Professional Responsibilities of a Physician Assistant	Page	7-8
SEC'	ΓΙΟN 2		
	Preceptor Responsibilities and Guidelines	Page	9
	PA Program Responsibilities	Page	10
	Student Responsibilities	Page	10-12
	Student Supervision		
	Student Availability		
	Academic Responsibilities		
	Student Dress		
	Liability Insurance		
	Troubleshooting		
	Program Harassment Policies	Page	12
	Evaluations	Page	13-14
	Student Evaluation	_	
	Preceptor Evaluations		
	End of Rotation Examination		
	Clinical Skills Testing		
	Rotation Logs (eMedley)		
	Student Rotation Work Schedule		
	Student Attendance Form		
	Site Visit for the Student		
	Removal from Rotation	Page	15
	Continuing Medical Education for Preceptor	Page	15
SEC'	ΓΙΟΝ 3		
	Rotation Objectives	Page	15-16
SEC'	ΓΙΟΝ 4		
	Forms		
	Mid-Rotation Preceptor Evaluation of Student	Page	18
	End of Rotation Preceptor Evaluation of Student	Page	19-21
	Student Evaluation	Page	22-23
	Clinical Year Calendar	Page	24

**APPENDICIES** 

#### **SECTION 1**

#### **Introduction**

The Bethel University Physician Assistant program is grateful for your contribution to the training of its students and the promotion of the physician assistant profession. Bethel University is committed to being the premier physician assistant training program in the state and region.

This handbook is designed to answer the questions that preceptors frequently have about PA training, the Bethel University PA Program, and the PA profession. The information included provides a basic framework to assist preceptors in planning a comprehensive clinical experience for their physician assistant students.

Our faculty and staff are committed to creating a positive clinical experience for both the student and preceptor. We have imparted a great deal of medical knowledge to the students during the didactic phase of their education. We look to you to help them apply that knowledge in the clinical setting and become competent and compassionate healthcare providers.

We ask that you make a concerted effort to engage the student in case discussions and critical thinking. Those new to precepting may find the article, *The One-Minute Preceptor*, included on page five of this handbook to be helpful. Our students have access to a wealth of online educational resources through the Bethel library. As physician assistants, they will be expected to commit to life-long learning and the practice of ethical evidence-based medicine. You may wish to task them with researching specific topics they encounter or you feel are essential to their education as physician assistants.

We look forward to working with you to produce Minnesota's finest trained physician assistants. Please feel free to contact us should you have any questions about your role as a preceptor or our expectations of the PA students.

Gregory Ekbom, MD Clinical Coordinator PA Program, Bethel University Cynthia Goetz, PA-C Co-Clinical Coordinator PA Program, Bethel University

Wallace Boeve, Ed.D, PA-C Program Director PA Program, Bethel University

#### **Faculty and Staff Contact Information**

**Program Director** Wallace Boeve, Ed.D, PA-C

Telephone: 651 635 1013 office

651 308 1398 cell

Email: w-boeve@bethel.edu

Medical Director Daniel Leafblad, MD

Telephone: 651 635 8072 office

651 335 6326 cell

Email: d-leafblad@bethel.edu

Clinical Coordinator Gregory Ekbom, MD

Telephone: 651 635 8044 office

651 964 5166 cell

Email: g-ekbom@bethel.edu

Academic Faculty Christina Hanson, MSPA, PA-C

Telephone: 651 635 8042 office Email: c-hanson@bethel.edu

Jeanne Szarzynski, MSPA, PA-C Telephone: 651 635 8002 office Email: j-szarzynski@bethel.edu

Lisa Naser, MSPA, PA-C Telephone: 651 635 8679 Email: l-naser@bethel.edu

Academic Faculty & Cynthia Goetz, MPAS, PA-C

**Co-Clinical Coordinator** Telephone: 651 638 6747 office

612 581 3830 cell

Email: <u>c-goetz@bethel.edu</u>

Clinical Administrative Assistant Denise Brecheisen

Telephone: 651 638 6746

Email: d-brecheisen@bethel.edu

**Administrative Assistant** Jan Johnson

Telephone: 651 635 8074

Email: jc-johnson@bethel.edu

Mailing Address 3900 Bethel Drive

Saint Paul, Minnesota 55112-6999

**Facsimile** 651 287 0824 **Office** 651 635 8074

# The One-Minute Preceptor A Method for Efficient Evaluation & Feedback

The one-minute preceptor is a strategy for structuring an interaction with the student. It consists of the following sequential steps:

- 1. Getting the Student to Commitment
  - So, what do you think is going on with this patient?
  - How would you like to treat this patient?
  - Why do you think the patient came in today?
  - What would you like to accomplish on this visit?
- 2. Probe for Supportive Evidence Evaluate Student's thinking that leads to the Commitment
  - How did you reach that conclusion?
  - What made you ...?
  - What findings support your diagnosis?
  - What else did you consider?
- 3. Reinforce what was Correct give Positive Feedback
  - I agree with your interpretation.
  - I am pleased that you included...that aspect of the physical exam.
  - I appreciate your consideration of the patient's financial situation in prescribing....
- 4. Constructive Guidance about Error or Omission give Negative Feedback
  - I disagree with... the scope of your differential diagnosis
  - What else might you have included?
  - Including the abdominal exam would have been important...
  - A more efficient way to ....
- 5. Teach a General Principle Clarify the Take-Home Lesson
  - So in general, it's important to remember ...
  - It is always important to think about ...
  - In general, taking a little more time ...
  - Why don't you read up on this tonight and report back tomorrow!

Reference: Neher JO, Gordon KC, Meyer B, Stevens N. A Five-Step "Microskills" Model of Clinical Teaching.

J Am Bd of Fam Pract July-Aug, 1992; Vol 5 No 4, 419-424

#### **Clinical Year Overview**

Rotations build on the didactic year and the students' clinical experience is organized in ambulatory, inpatient, emergency and surgical settings. The focus in all clinical experiences is medical care across the lifespan and includes: pregnancy, infants, children, adolescents, adults, and the elderly.

During rotations, students learn the body of knowledge and clinical skills of each specialty within the framework of the health care team and PA role. Throughout the clinical year, students may be exposed to a variety of practice settings in rural, inner city, and medically underserved communities.

With the guidance and supervision of physicians, PAs, and other qualified preceptors, students gain higher levels of clinical skill and confidence. The PA Program provides structured learning activities and timely feedback to students during the clinical year. Students assume increasing responsibilities for their education, provision of patient care, functioning as a team member, adjusting to change in the health care system, practice of evidence-based medicine, and becoming lifelong learners.

#### **Program Overview**

The Bethel University Physician Assistant Program is a twenty-seven month professional education program preparing individuals as primary care practitioners, to practice medicine under the supervision of a physician. Students who successfully complete the program receive a Master of Science – Physician Assistant degree (MS-PA).

#### **Mission Statement**

Boldly motivated by the Christian faith and in the spirit of Bethel University's academic excellence and ministry focus, the Physician Assistant program will educate students to become physician assistants who develop the skills for competent and excellent medical practice, live out ethical principles and Bethel's academic excellence, serve their community and all cultures, and possess integrity and compassion.

#### **Accreditation Status**

The ARC-PA has granted Accreditation-Provisional status to the Bethel University Physician Assistant Program sponsored by Bethel University. Accreditation-Provisional is an accreditation status granted when the plans and resource allocation, if fully implemented as planned, of a proposed program that has not yet enrolled students appear to demonstrate the program's ability to meet the ARC-PA *Standards* or when a program holding Accreditation-

Provisional status appears to demonstrate continued progress in complying with the *Standards* as it prepares for the graduation of the first class (cohort) of students.

Accreditation-Provisional does not ensure any subsequent accreditation status.

It is limited to no more than five years from matriculation of the first class.

Graduation from an accredited PA program is the only way to be eligible to sit for the National Certifying Exam (PANCE). If granted provisional accreditation, graduates of the Bethel University PA Program will be eligible to sit for the certifying exam upon graduation. For more information regarding the implications of accreditation please visit www.arc-pa.org.

# Certification by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants (NCCPA)

Physician assistants graduating from an accredited PA Program are eligible to sit for the certifying examination administered by the NCCPA. The certifying examination is a comprehensive examination, administered via computer, testing didactic knowledge and problem solving abilities. In order to maintain certification, PAs are required to obtain a minimum of 100 hours of continuing medical education (CME) every 2 years. Additionally, PAs must pass a recertification examination every ten years.

#### **The Didactic Phase**

The Physician Assistant Program at Bethel University consists of two phases. The first phase is the didactic phase and is 15 months in length. Courses in this phase include: Gross Anatomy, Physiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical Medicine, Diagnostics, Pharmacology, PA Professional Issues, and Evidence-Based Medicine.

#### **The Clinical Phase**

The clinical phase directly follows the didactic phase and is 12 months in length. The clinical phase takes place at diverse training sites and consists of a wide range of clinical learning situations. The mandatory clinical rotations include: Family Medicine, Internal Medicine, Emergency Medicine, General Surgery, Pediatrics, Women's Health, and Behavioral Health. Family Practice and Internal Medicine are 8 week rotations, while all others rotations are four weeks in length. Additionally, students complete two elective rotations in their choice of disciplines.

Each required rotation has a set of defined learning objectives. General objectives are provided for the preceptors within this handbook and for the students within their Clinical Year Student Handbook. Specific rotation expectations with minimum diagnoses exposures will also be provided to the preceptor under separate cover. These expectations are not meant to be all-inclusive, but rather form a matrix of minimal exposure with which the student must be familiar or have completed during the clinical year.

The end-learning objectives are written in a behavioral format wherever possible. The PA Program seeks feedback from preceptors as well as students regarding the applicability of learning objectives to the actual learning situation. Information from the preceptors, the PA students, as well as graduate PAs, will be taken into account during the annual review of objectives.

#### Professional Responsibilities of the Physician Assistant

Physician Assistants are skilled members of the health care team qualified by academic and clinical experience to provide a broad range of health care services in practice with a licensed physician. These services may be provided to individuals of any age in those various settings considered part of the supervising physician's practice. The health care services PAs provide include, but are not limited to:

## PA students are educated and trained to perform the following duties and tasks:

#### 1. Obtain Patient History

Objective focuses on skill in obtaining, documenting, and interpreting the patient's history, identifying pertinent factors, and interpreting risk factors.

#### 2. Perform Physical Exam

Objective focuses on physical exam skills such as recognizing, interpreting, and documenting pertinent findings and using required techniques.

#### 3. Using Laboratory and Diagnostic Studies

Objective focuses on skill in selecting the appropriate studies, interpreting, and documenting the results.

#### 4. Formulating the Differential and Most Likely Diagnosis

Objective focuses on skill in formulating and documenting the differential diagnosis and the most likely diagnosis in light of history, physical or diagnostic test findings.

#### 5. Evaluating Severity of Patient's Problems

Objective focuses on skill in evaluating the severity of the condition and the need for further action.

#### 6. Management of Health Maintenance and Disease Prevention

Objective focuses on skill in identifying risk factors and selecting appropriate preventive therapeutic agents or techniques.

#### 7. Clinical Intervention

Objective focuses on skill in prioritizing management and selecting the appropriate medical and/or surgical treatment. Focus on determining the appropriate follow-up schedule or monitoring approach.

#### 8. Clinical Therapeutics

Objective focuses on skill in selecting the appropriate pharmacotherapy, recognizing actions of drugs, and educating patients about the effects of drugs and drug interactions.

#### 9. Legal/Ethical and Health Care Systems

Objective focuses on issues such as patient autonomy, PA/patient relationships, PA/physician relationships, and use of off-label or experimental therapies, end-of-life considerations, and treatment of minors.

# 10. Applying Scientific Concepts (Basic Clinical Sciences & Research Data)

Objective focuses on skill in identifying the processes responsible for a given condition. Focus on basic interpretation of research data and sensitivity and specificity of selected tests.

#### 11. Work Related Behavioral Objectives

There are many work-related behaviors important to successful employment in healthcare. The following are some of the behaviors to consider when evaluating this student: productivity, work quality, initiative, teamwork, attitude, communication skills, and overall performance as a potential employee.

#### **SECTION 2**

#### **Preceptor Responsibilities**

- 1. Provide adequate clinical space for the student to care for patients.
- 2. Ensure that students are not used as a substitute for clinical or administrative staff.
- 3. Review and sign all of the student's patient records within 24 hours.
- 4. Familiarize each student with the protocols, rules, and regulations of the facility.
- 5. Maintain administrative and professional supervision of the student while on duty.
- 6. Provide direct supervision by qualified staff while the student is performing procedures.
- 7. Provide students with dressing and eating facilities similar to those of employees.
- 8. Allow students to participate in and attend education offerings by and at the facility.
- 9. Notify the Clinical Coordinator in a timely manner of any unsatisfactory conduct or performance.
- 10. Provide evaluations for each student on PA program forms. Allow and provide students with opportunities to meet objectives.
- 11. Provide PA program faculty access to the student, preceptor, and facility.
- 12. In the event of an accident or sudden illness, the student will be allowed to seek medical attention at the facility or an emergency room where the provider on duty will determine the course of treatment. Cost of the injury or sudden illness is the sole responsibility of the student. In regards to the management of minor or chronic illness, PA students are advised that preceptors are not required nor encouraged to provide care for the student, pro bono or otherwise.
- 13. Maintain full responsibility for the patient's medical care and treatment.
- 14. Orient student to the safety and security measures of the clinical site.

#### **Preceptor Guidelines**

The majority of clinical assignments run smoothly and are both challenging and rewarding. However, the few words of caution listed below will be of value in helping to ensure a successful experience for both preceptor and PA student.

The following guidelines are suggested for the preceptor when supervising a PA student:

- 1. Expect students to perform similar to a third or fourth year medical student. If the student shows any serious deficiency or is in danger of not achieving the learning objectives or failing the rotation, please promptly notify the Clinical Coordinator.
- 2. Contact the Clinical Coordinator for clarification of matters relating to the rotation.
- 3. Notify the hospital, clinics, and nursing homes that you will be a preceptor. Inquire about policies and regulations governing PA students in all facilities.
- 4. Ensure that only medical tasks delegated by you are performed by the student and that services rendered by the student are regularly evaluated.
- 5. Judge the student's performance according to the objectives and goals set by the program for the clinical rotation.
- 6. Involve the student in all aspects of the practice, including hospital and nursing home services, so that the students will receive a well-rounded education.

#### **PA Program Responsibilities**

- 1. Provide the preceptor with the student's educational objectives.
- 2. Assume responsibility for selection and assignment of students to the individual preceptor.
- 3. Coordinate the educational and clinical activities involving the preceptor, clinical facility, student, and PA program faculty.
- 4. Make training guides, evaluation measures, and other materials available to the preceptor.
- 5. Provide information at appropriate intervals to the student and preceptor regarding evaluation outcomes.
- 6. Inform students on rotations they are subject to the policies, protocols, rules, and regulations of the preceptor and clinical facility.
- 7. Be responsible for informing students that they are responsible for their own meals, lodging, transportation, uniforms, laundry, health and liability insurance for the rotation.
- 8. Bethel University requires that each PA student carries professional liability coverage, are up to date on all program required immunizations (including vaccinations or screenings), have completed a criminal background check, have passed a drug screen, have completed HIPAA training, and are currently certified in BCLS and ACLS.
- 9. Require students to attend any site provided or sponsored infection control session regarding universal precautions, TB, and blood borne pathogens.

#### **Student Responsibilities**

- 1. Report patient data fully to the preceptor.
- 2. Proceed with management of the patient only after consulting with the preceptor.
- 3. Act as a responsible health care provider by behaving professionally, legally, and ethically at all times.
- 4. Arrange schedule in advance and promptly notify the preceptor and the Clinical Coordinator of any schedule changes.
- 5. Wear an identification badge and white lab coat to identify themself as a Bethel University PA student when caring for patients.

#### **Student Supervision**

Students function within the academic policies established by the Bethel University PA Program. Preceptors serve by providing clinical learning experiences, direction, and supervision of students during the clinical rotation. The degree of responsibility delegated to a student depends on the student's attitude and ability. Students have no responsibility for patients except when under the supervision of a preceptor. Students are not to practice medicine without supervision.

#### Students are specifically prohibited from the following:

- 1. Initiating unsupervised or unauthorized patient care.
- 2. Discussing physical findings, lab results, significance of historical data, or treatment plan without prior discussion with the preceptor.
- 3. Ordering lab or diagnostic studies without prior consultation with the preceptor.
- 4. Dispensing or writing prescriptions without authorization and preceptor's signature.
- 5. Disobeying protocols, rules, or regulations governing PA students established by the preceptor.
- 6. Discharging a patient from the facility without the patient personally being seen and evaluated by the preceptor.
- 7. Student documentation in the Electronic Medical Record may include specific areas, including Past, Family, and Social History, and complete Review of Systems, but the preceptor must repeat and document History of Present Illness, relevant Physical Exam, and perform medical decision-making according to CMS regulations.

#### **Student Availability**

Students should experience a varied, but fairly typical exposure to your practice. Students are expected to be available and in close association with preceptors during practice hours. Students should accompany preceptors to hospitals, operating rooms, nursing homes, and other practice settings. Evening and weekend learning experiences are beneficial to the student so long as the total hours per week are not excessive. Students require time for independent study, assignments, and preparation for the certification exam. If possible, limit student work time to 50 hours per week, with a minimum of at least 30 hours per week.

#### **Student Dress**

While on rotations students will wear a short white lab coat with the program patch on the pocket and name tag identifying them as a Physician Assistant student from the Bethel University PA Program. Students are instructed to always dress in a professional manner. If you have questions or concern with respect to certain student attire, please contact the Clinical Coordinator or the program office.

#### **Academic Responsibilities**

Students learn at different rates, but students must assume an active role in education. The student is expected to show initiative by asking questions, completing assignments, following patients, and giving feedback concerning how well the clinical rotation is meeting objectives. Students take examinations at the end of rotations on materials pertinent to medical practice and patient care. The examination material may or may not be related to a specific rotation.

#### **Liability Insurance**

Bethel University maintains proof of PA student liability insurance and a copy is available to preceptors. Please notify your insurance carrier you are a preceptor for PA students. Insurance companies generally accept the presence of PA students without difficulty. PA students are covered for liability related to their normal curriculum studies and assignments. Limits of professional liability are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and paid for by Bethel University PA program.

#### **Troubleshooting**

The Clinical Coordinator and/or Program Director must be aware of any student problems. If you have concerns about a student's professional behavior, academic ability, or clinical skills, please contact us immediately. We are prepared to take an active role to improve difficult situations. In the rare case when problems arise, preceptors can expect a prompt, dependable, and competent response.

The PA program maintains regular contact with students and preceptors. Regular communication is intended to facilitate relationships among students, preceptors, and the PA program. Communication provides a mechanism for addressing informal questions about teaching, learning, and evaluation processes. Preceptors may contact the Clinical Coordinator and/or Program Director at any time with questions or comments. Students are expected to contact the program with questions or problems.

#### **Harassment Policies**

Medical offices, operating rooms, emergency rooms, and hospitals are all institutions where the very serious business of taking care of people's health and lives occur. Employees often use humor as a means of stress relief; however, their humor should never make another person feel as though they have been harassed or create a hostile work environment. Bethel University policy states that students should never be engaged in or exposed to behavior that would constitute harassment.

#### Sexual Harassment

Bethel University recognizes that harassment on the basis of sex is a violation of the law. We are committed to an environment free from explicit and/or implicit coercive sexual behavior used to affect the well-being of members of this academic community. Sexual harassment is unacceptable and grounds for disciplinary action. Students who wish to file a complaint alleging Sexual Harassment should do so by contacting the Clinical Coordinator or Program Director who will investigate and recommend appropriate steps.

# **Evaluation Student and Preceptor Evaluations**

All evaluations are done on eMedley.

Preceptor or preceptor designee should meet with the student at the midpoint and near the rotation end, discuss the student's evaluation, fill out the evaluation forms, and sign them electronically along with the student. The student is responsible for assuring the completion of the evaluation form(s) and submission to the Clinical Coordinator. Preceptors should review all evaluations even if preceptors have delegated the evaluation process to another provider.

Evaluation should be an ongoing process beginning on the first clinical day, continuing through rotation completion. Evaluation is a two-way process. The preceptor evaluates student performance and students evaluate rotations. Feedback is an art. Please provide ongoing evaluation in a constructive and thoughtful manner.

Student evaluation consists of preceptor evaluations, written examinations, rotation logs, and case presentations.

The program should be informed immediately if a student is performing unacceptably so that corrective measures may be instituted.

#### Written Examinations (End of Rotation Examinations)

End of rotation examinations are weighted at 40% of rotation grade. The written examination includes primary care topics pertinent to the NCCPA exam and medical practice. Students must score 80% or higher on the exam to successfully complete the rotation.

#### **Rotation Logs (eMedley)**

Each student completes rotation logs via eMedley system. These logs allow student clinical evaluation by monitoring patient load, patient problems, learning experiences, procedures performed, and other activities. The rotation logs are a requirement during each rotation and do not include any patient identifiers. The preceptor is encouraged to review these logs with the student to ensure that the learning objectives of the rotation are being met.

#### **Site Visit for the Student**

A Bethel University PA Program faculty member will visit students during rotations. The site visit evaluates the student's patient interactions and clinical reasoning as well as brief feedback from the preceptors and office staff. Medical documentation may also be reviewed during the site visit. Visits may be announced or unannounced. At least one site visit will occur during the student's clinical year, although more visits may occur at the request of the student, preceptor, or faculty.

If the visit is announced, the student notifies the preceptor ahead of time about the visit. When the faculty member arrives, the student introduces the faculty member to the preceptor and to appropriate support personnel. The student should be prepared to answer questions and present a case to the preceptor or faculty member. The student will discuss the treatment plan, evidence based issues, referrals, patient education and follow-up management. Clinical site visits are graded as Pass or Fail based on objective performance and preceptor comments. Students who receive a failing grade will have additional site visits during their rotations.

#### **Removal from Clinical Rotation**

Any student who has willfully, accidentally, or unwittingly endangered the life of a patient, staff, peer, or him/herself during a rotation will be removed from the rotation immediately. The incident will be reported to the Clinical Coordinator and/or the Program Director for appropriate action.

Bethel University PA program is particularly sensitive to any concern or issues that the preceptor feels strongly should be addressed in an expeditious manner.

The Clinical Coordinator, Medical Director, and Program Director retain the authority to remove a student from class, clinical site, or other program or university function, if indicated.

#### **SECTION 3**

#### **General Rotation Objectives**

Rotation objectives outline the duties and tasks defining the PA student areas of learning. Core objectives are pertinent to all clinical experiences and program outcomes. The clinical rotations should provide the student with learning experiences relevant to entry-level PA practice. The core rotations for the program include Family Medicine, Internal Medicine, Emergency Medicine, General Surgery, Women's Health, Pediatrics, and Behavioral Health. Specific program expectations for a scheduled rotation will be provided to each student and preceptor. These expectations are not meant to be all-inclusive, but rather form a matrix of minimal exposure with which the student must be familiar or have completed during the clinical year. Elective rotation objectives will be sent out to the individual preceptor when scheduled.

#### **Course Goals**

The following is a general list of objectives that are to be met during each rotation regardless of the type of rotation. The rotation specific expectations will be provided under separate cover.

Identify and study the objectives listed below for the most common diseases and conditions encountered on rotation.

- The student will be able to identify the most common reported signs and symptoms found on history taking when given a specific disease or disorder. (History & Physical Exam)
- The student will be able to formulate the differential and most likely diagnosis when given a specific clinical vignette. (Forming a differential diagnosis)
- The student will be able to distinguish the most appropriate diagnostics to order and interpret for a specific disease/diagnosis. (Diagnostics)
- The student will be able to select the treatment of choice (medication, physical therapy...) for a specific disease or disorder. (Treatment)
- The student will be able to assess specific classes of pharmacologic agents along with their indications, contraindications, side effects/complications, and lab evaluations for commonly seen disease or disorder. (Treatment)
- The student will be able to judge the criteria utilized to determine whether hospitalization is required and subsequent discharge criteria for a specific disease/diagnosis. (Treatment)

- The student will be able to evaluate the etiology or cause, risk factors, pediatric, geriatric, or pregnancy related considerations, expected course or prognosis, and most appropriate location/level of care for a specific disease/diagnosis.
   (Scientific concepts)
- The student will be able to develop patient education plans using the most appropriate preventive measures related to specific disease/diagnosis. (Health maintenance/patient education)
- The student will be able to characterize the legal and regulatory roles of the PA. (Professionalism)
- The student will integrate their understanding of the professional aspects of the PA profession by showing respect, compassion, and integrity to all patients and providers. (Professionalism)
- The student will demonstrate ethical principles of provision/withholding clinical care, confidentiality of patient information, informed consent including providing cost-effective health care and resource allocation without compromising quality. (Professionalism)
- The student will apply information technology to support patient care decisions and patient education when given a specific disease or diagnosis. (Medical Technology)
- The student will document and record information in the medical record that shows an understanding for the legal, medical, ethical, and financial aspects of quality medical care. (Documentation as allowed and appropriate by the preceptor)
- The student will integrate evidence from scientific studies, apply knowledge of study design and statistical methods, apply information technology and access/evaluate on-line information as it relates to a specific disease or diagnosis. (Practice-Based Learning/Improvement)

# **SECTION 4 Forms and Rotation Calendar**

# **Bethel University PA Program Preceptor's Mid-Rotation Evaluation of Student**

This form is to be completed by the preceptor at the mid-point of the clinical rotation. It is designed to provide the PA student and program with specific information regarding the student's progress and likelihood of successfully completing the rotation. If a student is performing below the preceptor's expectations, additional resources will be provided to the student to address their areas of weakness. The PA program is greatly appreciative of this early feedback so that appropriate remediation may be offered if necessary.

Name of Student	Rotation Site
Type of Rotation	Dates of Rotation
Here at the mid-point of your rotat	tion I consider your progress to be:
A. E	xcellent. Better than the average PA student at this point.
B. A	dequate. About average for a PA student at this point.
C. U	<b>Insatisfactory.</b> You are in danger of failing this rotation.
and requirements for improvement	<b>requested</b> for any student in the A or B category. Outline of deficiencies t are <b>required</b> for any student in the C category. Also, please contact the regarding any student in the C category.
*This student has reviewed the I	Program Expectations for this rotation with me: Yes / No
Comments:	
Signature of Preceptor/Date	Signature of Student/Data
Signature of Preceptor/Date	Signature of Student/Date
Send to: <b>Dr. Greg Ekbom, Director Bethel University - Physician Assist</b>	

2 Pine Tree Drive

Arden Hills, MN 55112 Fax: 651-287-0824

Email: pa-clinical@bethel.edu

#### Preceptor's End of Rotation Evaluation of Student Bethel University Physician Assistant Program

Circle the performance rating which reflects your evaluation of the student with respect to each characteristic. If you had no opportunity to observe a characteristic, indicate not applicable (N/A).

#### GENERAL RANGES OF PERFORMANCE

Α.	Unacceptable Performance	Below Average Performance	Average Performance	Above Average Performance	Exceptional Performance	Not Appli- cable
1) GENERAL MEDICAL KNOWLEDGE	1 (E) Demonstrates lack of adequate general medical knowledge	2(D) Needs improved knowledge base to function consistently in the clinical setting	3(C) Recalls basic know- ledge; occasionally unable to relate it to cases	4 (B) Recalls basic knowledge and is able to relate it to the cases	5 (A) Recalls basic knowledge and applies it to the cases consistently	N/A ( )
2) MEDICAL HISTORY	History is inaccurate with major errors of omission or commission	History is incomplete and/or inconsistent; fails to elicit important information	3 History is generally complete and accurate; occasionally fails to elicit important information	4 History is complete and accurate; elicits important information	5 History is comprehensive; elicits important information; seeks and specifies related findings	N/A ( )
3) PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	1 Major errors of omission and/or commission	Physical exams are inconsistent and/or incomplete	3 Exam is generally complete; occasionally fails to include important findings	4 Exam is thorough; follows logical sequence; technically reliable	5 Exam is thorough and precise; includes all pertinent data even in difficult cases	N/A ( )
4) ASSIMILATION OF CLINICAL DATA	1 Haphazard and/or vague organization of data	Unable to identify problems and priorities; overlooks significant data	Identifies problems and priorities; occasionally overlooks significant data	4 Understands and identifies problems and priorities; integrates data	5 Understands and identifies problems and priorities; integration of data is comprehensive; correlates additional data	N/A ( )
5) ASSESSMENT/ DIAGNOSIS	I Unable to generate a basic differential diagnosis	Differential diagnoses are incomplete; misses important considerations	Develops appropriate differential diagnoses, but occasionally misses important considerations	4 Develops appropriate differential diagnoses. Rarely misses important considerations	5 Develops thorough differential diagnoses; correctly prioritizes the important diagnoses	N/A ( )
6) UTILIZATION OF DIAGNOSTIC STUDIES	I Unable to recommend an acceptable diagnostic plan	2 Regularly recommends incomplete or inappropriate studies	3 Recommends appropriate studies, but understanding of rationale is partial.	4 Recommends appropriate studies, understands rationale	5 Recommendations for studies are excellent, with insightful rationale for each proposal	N/A ( )
7) TREATMENT PLAN	Unable to generate basic treatment plans; fails to implement preceptor's instructions	Treatment plans appropriate but incomplete; generally implements preceptor's instructions	Treatment plan complete but understanding of plan is partial; implements preceptor's instructions	4 Treatment plan and follow-up plan complete with understanding; implements preceptor's instructions	Treatment plan is comprehensive and precise; implements preceptor's instructions efficiently	N/A ( )
8) PROCEDURAL SKILLS	1 Unable to learn procedures; poor technical skill	Demonstrates more difficulty than most in learning procedures; needs to improve technical skill	3 Learns fundamentals of procedures, but occasionally demonstrates technical problems	4 Learns procedures without difficulty; performs them well	5 Learns new procedures quickly; performs them with skill	N/A ( )

0) (14.05		1	2	3	4	5	
9) CASE PRESENT		Inarticulate/disorga nized or factually inaccurate	Needs improvement in communication techniques; gaps in pertinent data	Presents accurate data; occasionally presentation is confusing	Explains and summarizes data without difficulty; communicates effectively	Explains and summarizes data completely and concisely; polished communication skills	N/A ( )
10) PATIENT	RAPPORT	1	2	3	4	5	
		Unable to establish appropriate rapport with the patient; offensive to patients	Able to establish fair rapport; lacks strong communication skills	Generally establishes good rapport; has occasional difficulty communicating	Good rapport; listens and communicates concern for the patient's problems	Excellent rapport with even most difficult patients; instills confidence in his/her ability	N/A ( )
11) PROFESS	SIONAL	1	2	3	4	5	
	ONSHIPS	Behavior is unaccept- able to colleagues; does not cooperate; makes poor impressions	Behavior is usually acceptable to colleagues; cooperates when necessary	Maintains acceptable and workable co-worker relationships	Establishes atmosphere of mutual respect and dignity with co-workers	Earns respect of co- workers; conduct indicative of a true professional	N/A ( )
12) ATTITUI	DE	1	2	3	4	5	
TOWARD LEARNI	NG	Negative; apathetic	Generally passive and/or indifferent	Shows interest; asks a few good questions	Gives extra effort; asks many good questions	Demonstrates independent learning; excellent questions: insightful and enthusiastic	N/A ( )
13) WORK H	ABITS	1	2	3	4	5	
		Does less than prescribed	Must usually be reminded; is inefficient	Strives to maintain workload appropriate to level of involvement	Takes initiative for extra work with moderate supervision	Functions very well independently; pursues productively and assertively	N/A ( )
В.	(Ii	f "yes" to any, please atta	ach a separate sheet with	h explanation)	BEHAVIOR, CONDUCT		
		s knowingly performed a s behaved in a fashion w		• •	s and/or peers. Yess, and/or others. Yes		
	3. Student ha	s been unclean, unkempt	, or inappropriate in app	pearance in the profession	onal setting. Yes	No	_
	4. Has the stu	ident had any unexcused	absences from the rotat	ion?	Yes	No	
C.	Approximate	ly how many weeks and	hours per week did you	have contact with this	Physician Assistant Student	1?	
	_	Weeks	Hrs/wk				
D.	Please circle	the appropriate level of	your agreement or disag	reement with respect to	each of the three statemen	ts listed below:	
	1. This cle	erkship provided the stud	ent with access to the p	hysical facilities and res	sources necessary to fulfill	the rotation objectives.	
	Circle:	1 – Strongly Di	isagree $2-\Gamma$	Disagree 3 – No	eutral <b>4</b> – Agree	5 – Strongly	Agree
	2. This cle	erkship provided the stud	ent with access to the p	atient populations neces	ssary to fulfill the rotation of	bjectives.	
	Circle:	1 – Strongly Di		Disagree 3 – No	· ·	5 – Strongly	Agree
		• •			fulfill the rotation objective		
	Circle:	1 – Strongly Di	isagree $2-\Gamma$	Disagree 3 – No	eutral <b>4</b> – Agree	5 – Strongly	Agree

ŀ	lease write a short paragraph commenting on this student's particular strengths	and areas for improvement:
	Strengths:	
	Areas for Improvement:	
v	Vas this evaluation discussed with the student? Yes No	
	Evaluator Name (Please Print)	
1	Statution (Totale (Tital)	
]	Evaluator Signature	Date

or faxed to: 651-287-0824

or mailed to: Bethel University Physician Assistant Program 3900 Bethel Drive St. Paul, Minnesota 55112

#### STUDENT EVALUATION OF THE CLINICAL ROTATION

#### BETHEL UNIVERSITY PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT PROGRAM

pre		nation: list below vision and clinic nance.							
	ysician/PA-C				Poor	Fair	Good	Very Good	Excellen
					1	2	3	4	5
					1	2	3 3 3	4	5
					1	2	3	4	5
_					1	2	3	4	5
	. In the space	ducational activities provided, esting during durin			HOUR	S PER V	WEEK yo	ou spent	in the
	following t	ype or setting du	ing this entired	Totalion.					
						ER/		TOTA	<b>A</b> L
В	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a g	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estim	Nursing Home: ate the number or an indirect en	Home Visits:	TS PEF	R WEEK	K seen by	you by	type of set
В	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a content then record  Direct Encord	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estimedirect encounter as two encounter	Nursing Home: ate the number or an <i>indirect er</i> rs.	Home Visits: of PATIENT acounter as of	TS PEF defined	R WEEK l below.	K seen by If you se	you by ee the sar	type of set me patient
В	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a genther record  Direct Encountry Surgery exp	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estimedirect encounter as two encounter counter: Particle	Nursing Home: ate the number or an indirect errs. cipated directly ne and/or MD co	Home Visits: of PATIENT acounter as of in the care of onsult.	TS PER defined of the p	R WEEk l below. patient, i	K seen by If you se .e. Hx, R	you by the san	type of set me patient nt rounds,
В	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a general then record  Direct Encouragery exponents Office	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estimedirect encounter as two encounter counter: Particle	Nursing Home:  ate the number or an indirect er rs.  cipated directly ne and/or MD co	Home Visits: of PATIENT acounter as of in the care of onsult. Home	TS PERdefined	R WEEK l below. patient, i ER/	S seen by If you se .e. Hx, R	you by the same tax, patien	type of set me patient nt rounds,
В	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a continuous then record  Direct Encountry Surgery exponents Office Clinic:	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estimedirect encounter as two encounter counter: Particle Part	Nursing Home: Ate the number or an indirect errs.  cipated directly ne and/or MD con Nursing Home: Home:	Home Visits: of PATIENT acounter as of in the care of onsult. Home Visits:	TS PER defined of the p	R WEEK below.  patient, i  ER/ Outpa	X seen by If you se  .e. Hx, R  tient:	you by see the san ax, patien TOTA PATII	type of set me patient nt rounds,
В	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a then record  Direct Ence surgery expoffice Clinic:  Indirect En	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estimedirect encounter as two encounter counter: Particlerience, telephore Hospital Inpatient: counter: No deepresentation.	NursingHome: ate the number or an <i>indirect er</i> rs.  cipated directly ne and/or MD co NursingHome:	Home Visits: of PATIENT acounter as of in the care of onsult. Home Visits:	TS PER defined of the p	R WEEK below.  patient, i  ER/ Outpa	X seen by If you se  .e. Hx, R  tient:	you by see the san ax, patien TOTA PATII	type of set me patient nt rounds,
В	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a tenter record  Direct Encurrence surgery expoffice Clinic:  Indirect Encurrence continue  Indirect Encurrence continue  Indirect Encurrence continue  Indirect Encurrence continue  Office Clinic:  Indirect Encurrence continue  Office	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estimedirect encounter as two encounter counter: Particlerience, telephore Hospital Inpatient: counter: No design of the presentation. Hospital	NursingHome: ate the number or an <i>indirect er</i> rs.  cipated directly ne and/or MD con NursingHome:	Home Visits: of PATIENT acounter as of in the care of onsult. Home Visits: th the patier Home	TS PER defined of the part of	R WEEK below.  Datient, i  ER/ Outpa i.e. chain	Seen by If you se  .e. Hx, R  tient:  rt review	you by the same tax, patient TOTA PATIIN, EKG at TOTA	type of set me patient nt rounds, AL ENTS: nd X-ray
В	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a tenter record  Direct Encurrence surgery expoffice Clinic:  Indirect Encurrence continue  Indirect Encurrence continue  Indirect Encurrence continue  Indirect Encurrence continue  Office Clinic:  Indirect Encurrence continue  Office	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estimedirect encounter as two encounter counter: Particlerience, telephore Hospital Inpatient: counter: No deepresentation.	NursingHome: ate the number or an <i>indirect er</i> rs.  cipated directly ne and/or MD con NursingHome:	Home Visits: of PATIENT acounter as of in the care of onsult. Home Visits: th the patier Home	TS PER defined of the part of	R WEEK below.  Datient, i  ER/ Outpa i.e. chain	Seen by If you se  .e. Hx, R  tient:  rt review	you by the same tax, patient TOTA PATIIN, EKG at TOTA	type of set me patient nt rounds, AL ENTS: nd X-ray
	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a tenter record  Direct Encurrence surgery expoffice Clinic:  Indirect Encurrect Encurrect expoffice Clinic:  Indirect Encurrect Encurrect exports a conflict exports a	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estimedirect encounter as two encounter counter: Particlerience, telephore Hospital Inpatient: counter: No design of the presentation. Hospital	Nursing Home:  ate the number or an indirect errs.  cipated directly ne and/or MD con Nursing Home:  lirect contact with Nursing Home:  ctivities below	Home Visits:  of PATIENT  necounter as of the care of	TS PERdefined of the posterior	R WEEK below.  Datient, i  ER/ Outpa i.e. char  ER/ Outpa	Seen by If you se  .e. Hx, R  tient:  rt review  tient:	you by see the san ax, patien TOTA PATII , EKG an TOTA PATII	type of set me patient nt rounds, L ENTS: nd X-ray
	Office Clinic:  In the space as either a set then record  Direct Encouragery exponents Office Clinic:  Indirect Encouragery exponents  Clinic:  Indirect Encouragery exponents  Clinic:  Indirect Encouragery exponents  Indirect Encouragery	Hospital Inpatient: e provided, estimedirect encounter as two encounter counter: Particlerience, telephore Hospital Inpatient: e presentation. Hospital Inpatient: counter: No counter: hospital Inpatient:	Nursing Home: ate the number or an indirect errs.  cipated directly ne and/or MD con Nursing Home: lirect contact wire NursingHome: ctivities below quency.	Home Visits: of PATIENT acounter as of in the care of onsult. Home Visits: th the patient Home Visits: those that of	of the part of the part care,	R WEEK below.  Datient, i  ER/ Outpa i.e. chan  ER/ Outpa	If you see to you see to you	you by the same tax, patient TOTA PATIING, EKG at TOTA PATIING during	type of set me patient nt rounds,  L ENTS: nd X-ray L ENTS: this rotati

В.	List the negative at	tributes	of this re	otation:					
Acc	ommodations:								
A.	Was housing provi	ded:	No	_	Yes_	Whe	ere did you stay	/cost?	
B.	Were meals provid				Yes_	Whe	ere did you eat/c	cost?	
C.	Was transportation	needed	for this	rotation	1?	No_	Yes_		
D.	Identify any require	ed or re	commen	ded tex	ts:				
of s	kills you learned or	were ex	xposed to	): 					
A. '	To what extent were t	the obje	ectives of	this ro	tation ful	Ifilled?			
A. '	To what extent were (Minimal)	v				filled?	(Maximal)		
		1	2	3	4	5	, ,		
	(Minimal)	1 of progr	2 ess you h	3 nave ma	4	5	, ,		
В.	(Minimal) Indicate the amount of	1 of progr	2 ess you h	3 mave ma	4 ade durin 4	5 g this c	linical rotation: (Maximal)		
В.	(Minimal) Indicate the amount of (Minimal)	1 of progr	2 ess you h	3 anave ma 3 ty of th Very	4 ade durin 4	5 g this c	linical rotation:  (Maximal)  on?		
B. C.	(Minimal) Indicate the amount of (Minimal) How would you rate	1  of progr  1  the over  Fair  2	2 ess you h 2 rall quali Good 3	3  ty of th  Very	4  4  is clinica  Good	5 g this constant of the second secon	linical rotation:  (Maximal)  on?	provide a sho	ort
B. C.	(Minimal) Indicate the amount of (Minimal) How would you rate to Poor 1	1  of progr  1  the over  Fair  2  provid	ess you h  2  rall quali  Good  3	3 ty of th Very	4 is clinica Good 4 s to the fo	5 g this constitution of the second s	linical rotation:  (Maximal)  on?	orovide a sho	ortN
B. C. Dex	(Minimal)  Indicate the amount of (Minimal)  How would you rate of the Poor 1  id your clinical site(s) explanation):	1 of progr 1 the over Fair 2 provid	ess you h  2 rall qualit  Good  3 le student	3 ty of th Very t access	4 de durin 4 dis clinica Good 4 s to the fo	g this constant of the second	linical rotation:  (Maximal)  on?		

#### Bethel University PA Program 2016-2017 Rotation Schedule

Interval	Length	Start Date	<b>End Date</b>	<b>EOR Plan</b>
Term 1 PHAS 710				
1	4 weeks	Aug 22,2016	September 16, 2016	Exam 9/16/16
2	4 weeks	Sept 19. 2016	October 14,2016	Exam 10/14/16
3	4 weeks	October 17,2016	November 11,2016	Exam 11/11/16
4	4 weeks	Nov. 14, 2016	December 9, 2016	Exam 12/12/16
				Meetings 12/12-
				14/16
Christmas Break		December 15,2016	January 1, 2017	

Term 2 PHAS 720				
5	4 weeks	January 2,2017	January 27,2017	Exam 1/27/17
6	4 weeks	January 27,2017	February 24,2017	Exam 2/24/17
7	4 weeks	February 27,2017	March 24,2017	Exam 3/24/17
8	4 weeks	March 27,2017	April 21,2017	Exam 4/21/17
9	4 weeks	April 24,2017	May 19,2017	Exam 5/22/17
				Meetings 5/22-
				24/17
Late Spring Break		May 24, 2017	June 4,2017	
Term 3 PHAS 730	4 weeks	June 5,2017	June 30,2017	Exam 6/30/17
10				
11	4 weeks	July 3,2017	July 28,2017	Exam 7/31/17
				Meetings 7/31-
				8/2/17

Summative Evaluation, including PHAS 735 Professional Capstone Graduation

#### **Holidays**

Labor Day September 5, 2016 Thanksgiving November 24 - 25, 2016

AAPA May 15-19, 2017 (elective option)

Fourth of July July 4, 2017

Holidays start at 5:00 pm on the day prior to the holiday start date listed above. Students are to report back to their rotations on the morning following the holiday end date.

#### Return to St. Paul

Students are required to return to Bethel University periodically for testing (EOR Exams 1-3 PM) and meetings with their faculty advisor. Students rotating at sites more than three hours from St. Paul should be excused early on the last day of their rotation to permit adequate time for travel. This only applies to the return to dates listed above.